KENDRIYA VIDYALAYA SANGATHAN

ZONAL INSTITUTE OF EDUCATION & TRAINING, CHANDIGARH

SAMPLE PAPER, SET-1

$\mathbf{CLASS}-\mathbf{XI}$

BUSINESS STUDIES, 2022-2023

BLUE PRINT

		DECE				
UNIT	NAME OF UNIT	VSA	SA I	SA II	LA	TOTAL
NO.		(1	(3	(4	(6	
		MARK)	MARKS)	MARKS)	MARKS)	
	PART A -	- FOUNDA	TION OF I	BUSINESS	1 1	
1	Evolution & Fundamentals		1	1		
	of Business					16
2	Forms of Business		1		1	16
	Organisations					
3	Public, Private & Global	2		1		
	Enterprises					14
4	Business Services	2			1	
5	Emerging Modes of	1		1		
	Business					10
6	Social Responsibility of	1		1		10
	Business & Business Ethics					
	TOTAL	6(6)	6(2)	16(4)	12(2)	40(14)
	PAR	T B – FINA	ANCE & TH	RADE		
7	Sources of Business Finance	4	1		1	
						20
8	Small Business	3		1		20
9	Internal Trade	4	1	1		
10	International Business	3			1	20
Ĩ	International Dublicos	5				
	TOTAL	14(14)	6(2)	8(2)	12(2)	40(20)
	GRAND TOTAL	20(20)	12(4)	24(6)	24(4)	80(34)

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QUESTION PAPER

TIME: 3 HOURS

M.M.: 80

Q. NO.	QUESTION	MARKS
1.	Name the organisation which is considered as a part of government only.	1
2.	In order to call a company, a government company, how much minimum	1
	partnership is necessary for the Government's ownership?	
3.	Heterogeneity is the feature of which type of business service?	1
	a) Banking	
	b) Insurance	
	c) Warehousing	
	d) All of the above	
4.	Who can get an overdraft from a bank?	1
5.	What is meant by mode of business?	1
6.	When enterprises behave as good citizen, towards which group are they	1
	showing their responsibility?	
7.	The term "redeemable" is used for which of the following:	1
	a) Preference Shares	
	b) Equity Shares	
	c) Trade Credit	
	d) None of these	
8.	Funds required for purchasing current assets is an example of:	1
	a) Fixed capital requirement	
	b) Ploughing back of profits	
	c) Working capital requirement	
	d) Lease financing	
9.	What is the status of debenture holders in a company?	1
10.	Give the name of the financial source when one company give loan to	1
	another company.	
11.	The investment limit of SSI does not exceed	1

	a) Above Rs.25 lakh & up to Rs.5 crore	
	b) Rs.2 crore	
	c) Rs.3 crore	
	d) Rs.10 crore	
12.	Which of the following provides opportunity for artisan?	1
	a) Companies	
	b) Large-scale business	
	c) Small business	
	d) None of the above	
13.	What is the outcome of entrepreneurship called?	1
	a) Entrepreneur	
	b) Entrepreneurship	
	c) Enterprise	
	d) Entrepreneur & Entrepreneurship	
14.	To sell readymade garments for children, men, women etc. is the example	1
	of:	
	a) Single-shop product	
	b) Single-line shop	
	c) General store	
	d) None of these	
15.	Under GST system, the origin of GST takes place on the basis of the place	1
	of of goods & services. (consumption/production)	
16.	Assertion (A): Itinerant retailers do not have fixed selling point.	1
	Reason (R): Fixed Shop retailers have fixed selling point.	
	a) Both assertion (A) & reason (R) are correct & reason is the	
	correct explanation of assertion.	
	b) Both assertion (A) & reason (R) are correct but reason is not the	
	correct explanation of assertion.	
	c) Assertion (A) is correct but reason (R) is incorrect.	
	d) Assertion (A) is incorrect but reason (R) is correct.	
17.	You are a student of class 11 and you have a special interest in the subject	1
	Business Studies. Your friend wants that he should do his business on the	
	basis of Advertisement only, without opening any shop.	
	You suggest to him what kind of business he should do.	

18.	An exporter demands from an importer for the satisfaction about	1
	the payment.	
19.	The WTO was established on	1
	a) 1 st January, 1955	
	b) 1 st January, 1995	
	c) 1 st January, 2005	
	d) 1 st January, 2009	
20.	Which of the following is not the document of import trade?	1
	a) Indent	
	b) Bill of lading	
	c) Invoice	
	d) Shipping bill	
21.	Identify the following traits of business, profession & employment:	3
	a) Hari sells mobile phones on behalf of his employer.	
	b) It requires minimum academic & other qualifications.	
	c) A hawker sells toys for children outside a function.	
	d) Dhruv is the manager of a mobile company.	
	e) V Sanjay is an advocate of High Court.	
	f) A person repairs scooters on roadside.	
22.	A, B & C are partners in a firm manufacturing auto parts. Their firm is not	3
	registered. In order to increase the earnings of the firm, B decided to use	
	low quality raw materials without the knowledge of A & C. As a result,	
	many accidents were reported by the consumers & a case has been filed	
	against the firm.	
	a) Is this wrong act of B binding on A & C?	
	b) State the feature related to it.	
	c) Can A & C file case against B & why?	
23.	ABC Ltd. is planning to expand their business & need money. The	3
	finance manager reported that company is not in a position to bear extra	
	burden of paying interest & equity shareholders insisted not to issue more	
	shares as there is risk of losing control on issue of new shares in the	
	market.	
	a) Suggest a source of owner's fund suitable in above case.	
	b) State any two advantages of this source.	

<u> </u>	Describe the services provided by retailer to wholesaler & consumer.	4
29.	Write a detailed note on IPR.	4
28.	What do you mean by the principles derived from social values whichguide and govern the conduct of businessmen? Explain its elements.	4
	d) Human resource required	
	c) Setting up cost	
	b) Risk involved	
	a) Personal touch	
	basis:	-
27.	Differentiate between e-business & traditional business on the following	4
	What kind of partnership is it? Explain its features.	
	will be completed jointly by both the public sector and private sector.	
	contacted the private sector to fulfil this requirement. Now, this project	
	management specialists and financial help to complete it. The government	-
26.	The government planned to begin a road project. The government needed	4
	reasons in support of your answer.	
20.	eating is the objective of living." Do you agree with this statement? Give	-
25.	"Earning of profit cannot be the objective of business any more than the	4
	buy goods from the producer or manufacturer directly. Identify the trade of 'Rakhi Footwear' & describe its features.	
	company has done away with the Middlemen. The people are happy to	
	type & their price is also the same. By starting this type of business the	
	this company is that at all its shops the goods available are of the same	
	different places of the whole country. The speciality of the business of	

34.	Jaipur Handicraft House has received a grand order for handmade	6
	products from a German company. The exporter has obtained the pre-	
	shipment inspection report under the Export Quality Control & Inspection	
	Act, 1963 & also got the Excise clearance certificate from the authorities.	
	Briefly explain the next six procedural steps to be taken by the Indian	
	counterpart to export these goods.	

-----END OF PAPER-----

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CLASS – XI

BUSINESS STUDIES

2022-2023

MARKING SCHEME

TIME: 3 HOURS

M.M.: 80

Q. NO.	ANSWER	MARKS
1.	Departmental Undertaking	1
2.	Minimum 51%	1
3.	(d) All of the above	1
4.	A holder of current account i.e. Businessman	1
5.	It means manner of conducting business.	1
6.	Government & Community	1
7.	(a) Preference Shares	1
8.	(c) Working capital requirement	1
9.	Creditors	1
10.	Inter-corporate Deposits	1
11.	(a) Above Rs.25 lakh & up to Rs.5 crore	1
12.	(c) Small business	1
13.	(c) Enterprise	1
14.	(b) Single-line shop	1
15.	Consumption	1
16.	(b) Both assertion (A) & reason (R) are correct but reason is not the correct	1
	explanation of assertion.	
17.	Mail order business	1
18.	Letter of credit	1
19.	(b) 1 st January, 1995	1
20.	(d) Shipping bill	1
21.	a) Employment	3
	b) Profession	
	c) Business	
	d) Employment	

	e) Profession			
	f) Business			
	(6 * 0.5)			
22.	a) Yes			3
	b) Mutual agen	су		
	c) No, partners	of an unregistered firm canno	t file case on each other.	
	(3 * 1)			
23.	a) Retained Ear	mings		3
	b) Any two adv	antages of retained earnings		
	(1+2)			
24.	Chain Store			3
	Any two features of	chain store with explanation		
	(1+2)			
25.	Yes, I agree with thi	s statement.		4
	Reasons:			
	Explain any three other objectives of business. (Social/Personal)			
	(1+3)			
26.	Public Private Partnership			4
	Explain any three features with explanation			
	(1+3)			
27.	BASIS	TRADITIONAL	E-BUSINESS	4
		BUSINESS		
	a) Personal touch	Personal touch is present.	There is no personal	
			touch	
	b) Risk involved	Less risk is involved.	High risk is involved.	
	c) Setting up cost	It is high.	It is low.	
	d) Human	Technically qualified & IT	Semi-skilled & skilled	
	resource required	professionals are required.	labour required.	
	(4 * 1)			
28.	Business Ethics			4
	-	of business ethics with explan	ation.	
	(1+3)			
29.		refers to the special right to the		4

	 a) Copyright: it refers to the right given to the creator on his literary & artistic creations. b) Patent: It refers to the right given to a creator as a result of his creation of a new, useful & non-obvious product or process. c) Trademark: It refers to the right given to the creator under which no other person or business concern can use his 'well protected distinguishing identity.' 		
30.	Any two services provided by retailer to wholesaler & consumer each.	4	
	(2+2)		
31.	It is Joint Stock Company.	6	
	Explain any five features with explanation.		
	(1+5)		
32.	Explain all three principles of insurance with the help of example.	6	
	(3 * 2)		
33.	Equity Shares, Preference Shares, Debentures (with meaning)	6	
	1 Advantage of each source		
	(2+2+2)		
34.	1. Obtaining certificate of origin	6	
	2. Reservation of shipping space		
	3. Packing & Forwarding		
	4. Insurance of goods		
	5. Custom clearance		
	6. Obtaining mate's receipt.		
	(6 * 1)		

-----END OF PAPER-----